Checklist for Internal Account Reports

Make sure there are three reports to review:

- 1. Bank statement-All Pages
- 2. Bank reconciliation report- Signed and Dated by Principal and Bookkeeper
- 3. Principal's report- Signed and Dated by Principal and Bookkeeper

Principal's report review:

- 1. Make sure there are no overdrawn accounts.
 - All account balances should be credits the letters CR appear after the ending balance amount. (Overdrawn accounts are not allowed per Redbook Section 1 Principles, paragraph 10.);
- 2. Bookkeeper has signed and dated the report;
- 3. Principal has signed and dated the report.

Bank reconciliation report review:

- 1. Bank Balance Shown on this Bank Statement amount agrees to ending balance on the bank statement;
- 2. Less Checks amount agrees to total of checks not on statement amount (outstanding checks);
- 3. Scan the outstanding checks for checks dated six months prior to the report month. These are stale dated checks and need to be cleared up.
- 4. Plus Cash Receipt Deposits amount agrees to total of Cash Receipts Not on Statement amount (deposits in transit);
- 5. Make sure the dates of any cash receipts included in the *Cash Receipts Not on Statement* amount are no more than two to three days prior to report month end.
- 6. For any non-zero Less *Manual Adjustments* amount, the detail needs to be written on the face of the bank reconciliation report;
- 7. Adjusted Bank Statement Balance agrees to ending balance of cash on the principal's report;
- 4. Bookkeeper has signed and dated the report;
- 5. Principal has signed and dated the report.

Contact Yadi Gonzalez, at 429-3983 or <u>Yadira.Gonzalez@stlucieschools.org</u> if you have any questions.